

# CHAPTER 2 The Chemical Basis of Life

## OBJECTIVES

### Atoms and Molecules Introduction

**Explain how the rattlebox moth uses and transfers defensive substances throughout its life cycle.**

- 2.1 Describe the levels of organization from an actin molecule to a complex insect flight muscle.
- 2.2 Define matter, an element, and a trace element.
- 2.3 Define a compound and explain how compounds in living organisms are different from compounds in nonbiological materials.
- 2.4 Describe the structure of an atom.
- 2.4 Define the atomic number and mass number of an atom.
- 2.4 Define an isotope and explain what makes some isotopes radioactive.
- 2.5 Explain why radioactive isotopes are important to biologists.
- 2.6 Explain how the electron configuration of an atom influences its chemical behavior.
- 2.7-2.9 Distinguish among nonpolar covalent, polar covalent, and ionic bonds noting their relative strengths and functions and the methods by which they are diagrammed.

### The Properties of Water

- 2.10-2.14 Describe the special properties of water that make it vital to living systems. Explain how these properties are related to hydrogen bonding.
- 2.14 Define a solute, a solvent, and a solution.
- 2.15 Explain how acids and bases directly or indirectly affect the hydrogen ion concentration of a solution.
- 2.15 Explain the basis for the pH scale.
- 2.15 Explain how buffers work.
- 2.16 Describe the causes of acid precipitation and explain how it adversely affects the fitness of the environment.

### Rearrangements of Atoms

- 2.17 Define a chemical reaction and distinguish between the reactants and products.